Sum of two dice (number cubes)
This table shows the results when you roll two dice and add the numbers: Die \#2

Die \#1 | $\|c\| c\|c\| c \mid$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

The table shows that when you roll 3 and 2 , the sum is 5 ; read across from 3 to the 2 column. When you roll 5 and 6 the sum is 11; read across from 5 to the 6 column.
There are 36 outcomes when you roll 2 dice.
$P($ sum is 4$)=\frac{3}{36}=\frac{1}{12}$
$P($ sum $=12)=\frac{1}{36}$

| $P($ sum is 3$)=$ | $P($ sum is 8$)=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $P($ sum is 11$)=$ | $P($ sum is 5$)=$ |
| $P($ sum is 10$)=$ | $P($ sum is 2$)=$ |
| $P($ sum is 6$)=$ | $P($ sum is 9$)=$ |
| $P($ sum is 7$)=$ |  |

